Natural Hazards Research Platform

A multi-party research platform funded by Government dedicated to increasing New Zealand's resilience to Natural Hazards via high quality collaborative research









#### Infrastructure Theme Leader

roger.fairclough@neoleafglobal.co.nz

November 2013

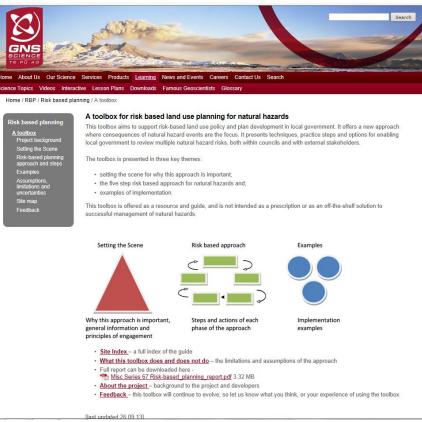
Facilitate cooperation, collaboration and co-ordination between researchers Increased linkage of research with practitioners

#### Key NZ Research Activities

- " Update from the Natural Hazards Research Platform
- *Economic Modelling Tony Fenwick*
- *<sup>"</sup>* The Resilience of Ports Liam Wotherspoon, University of Auckland
- Projecting Damage and Losses for Building and Infrastructures from the Canterbury Earthquake Sequence - Sonia Giovinazzi, University of Canterbury
- *Earthquake-Flood Multi-hazard Impacts on Lifeline Systems Sonia Giovinazzi, University of Canterbury*
- *Resilience for Lifeline Utilities Erica Seville, Resilient Organisations*

### Natural Hazard Risk-Based Toolbox Available to use

- Wendy Saunders, GNS (w.saunders@gns.cri.nz)
- Toolbox to support natural hazard riskbased land use policy and plan development in local government.
- Developed with planners, it offers an approach that focuses on the consequences of natural hazard events (including those to lifelines and critical buildings).
- Highlights include how to incorporate community engagement processes; a riskbased district plan chapter; and national and international examples.
- The toolbox and full report is available at: <u>http://www.gns.cri.nz/Home/RBP/Risk-</u> <u>based-planning/A-toolbox</u>



# Interdependencies of Critical Lifelines and Infrastructure

- Rob Buxton, GNS (<u>r.buxton@gns.cri.nz</u>)
- Developing models to minimise post-earthquake trauma and economic impact for people in urban areas
- Interdependencies examples .... Florida Hurricanes 2004:
  - Energy shortage closing of ports disrupted supply of petrol, coal and emergency supplies
  - Communications cooling water supplies cut off shutting down telecommunications in turn disrupting repair crews
  - Electricity impacted communications, transportation (rail and traffic signalling systems failed)
  - . Electricity impacted water and waste water, pumping stations and treatment plants

(American Lifelines Alliance)





Picture: Metropolitan Transport Authority (New York)

#### **Current Status**

- Scoping Study (Completed):
  - Aim to research the possible approaches for modelling interdependencies
  - . Literature review, concentrating on "codeable" approaches that could be implemented as a system
  - Agent-based simulations, scalable multi-graphs, BBNs and input-output inoperability models were considered
  - . Napier used as study area for proof of concept.
  - . Findings published GNS Science Report 2011/19
- " Future:
  - . Advisory Group established
  - Complete current model development
  - . An interdependencies data collection framework (crossover with Economics of Resilient Infrastructure)
  - . Alternative visualisation techniques (3d)
  - . Develop methods for modelling reinstatement strategies
  - Modify model approach to include societal impacts from organisational outages
  - . Support to Lifelines activities

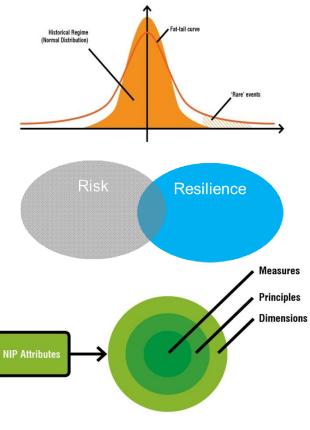


#### Measuring Resilience of Transport Infrastructure

James Hughes, AECOM (<u>james.hughes@aecom.com</u>) Kristina Healy, AECOM





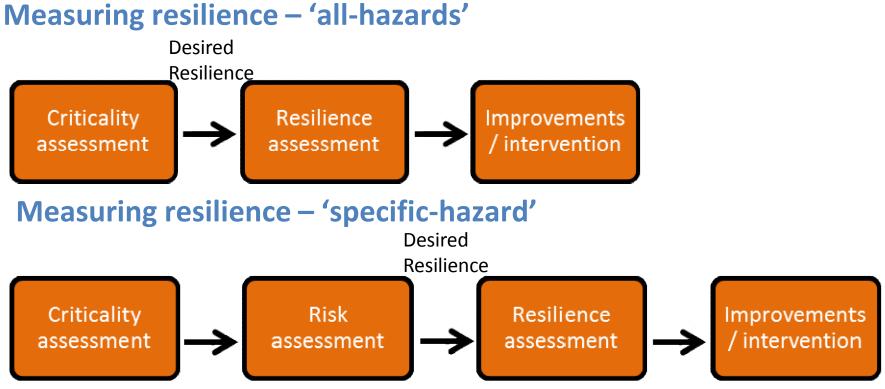


Findings:

- Hazards: a range of types, shock and stress events, and level of predictability (probable, possible, plausible). 'All hazards' vs 'specific hazard'. Complex failure modes. Black swans.
- Risk management approaches alone are insufficient. Move 'beyond risk' to consider consequence scenarios.
- Framework developed across key dimensions of technical and organisational resilience
- . A measurement tool was developed across a range of principles that is able to assess the resilience of **regions**, **networks** or **specific assets** and enable prioritisation of improvements.

#### Reflections on recent international research

- <sup>"</sup> Resilience in engineering systems is a characteristic of how the system behaves (process), as opposed to a property that the system has (state).
- Due to the unpredictability of complex systems, a resilience assessment demands a constant, recursive process, often across multiple organisations.
- *A resilience assessment requires recognition of incompleteness:* inherent uncertainty and incompleteness in our knowledge
- *New approaches to design:* embrace uncertainty and failure via anticipation and adaptation
- A traditional risk-based approach is not sufficient to understand, plan and prioritise resilience improvements.



#### Next steps:

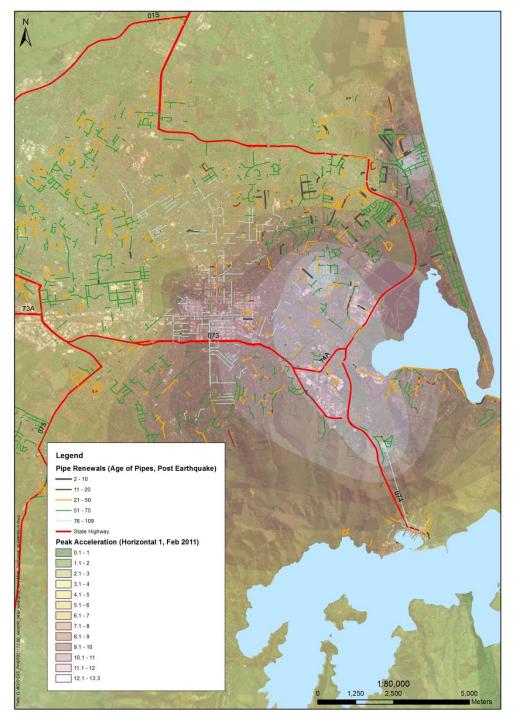
- <sup>"</sup> NZTA project in final stages
- Assessment tool which can be applied to understand and prioritise resilience efforts and investment
- " But there are gaps:
  - <sup>7</sup> How do we design for resilience?
  - " How much do we spend on resilience?
  - Which pieces of infrastructure should be resilient? (link to criticality)
  - Understanding relationship between resilience and sustainability

### Seismic Response of Underground Services (& National Implications)

#### MBIE Research Project 2012 -2016 Opus Research & GNS

Project leader Rosslyn McLachlan (rosslyn.mclachlan@opus.co.nz)

Team member Mostafa Nayyerloo (mostafa.nayyerloo@opus.co.nz)



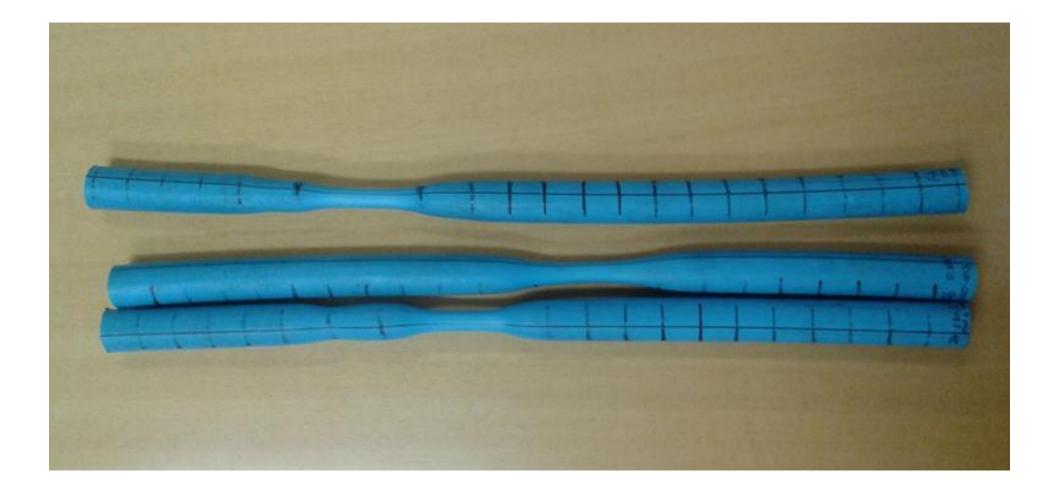
### **GIS: Pipe Renewals post earthquake and Peak Acceleration**

#### Findings:

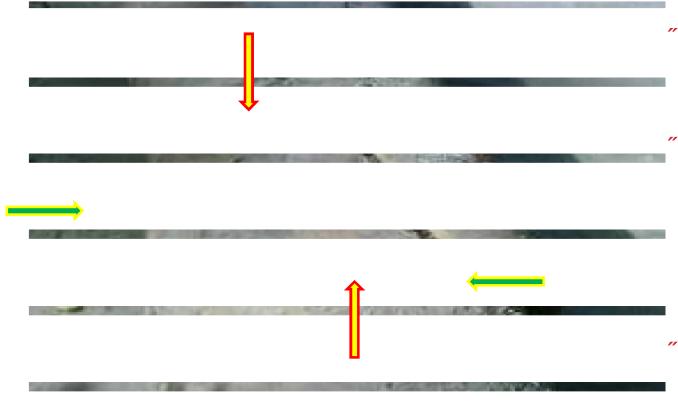
- Pipe renewals have been required both in and out of areas of high peak accelerations
- . Suggests that factors other than seismic shaking are causing pipes to fail

### **PE80 tested in tension**

- *<sup>"</sup>* Under quite large extensions the pipe is still serviceable
- " Service level reduced as is asset life



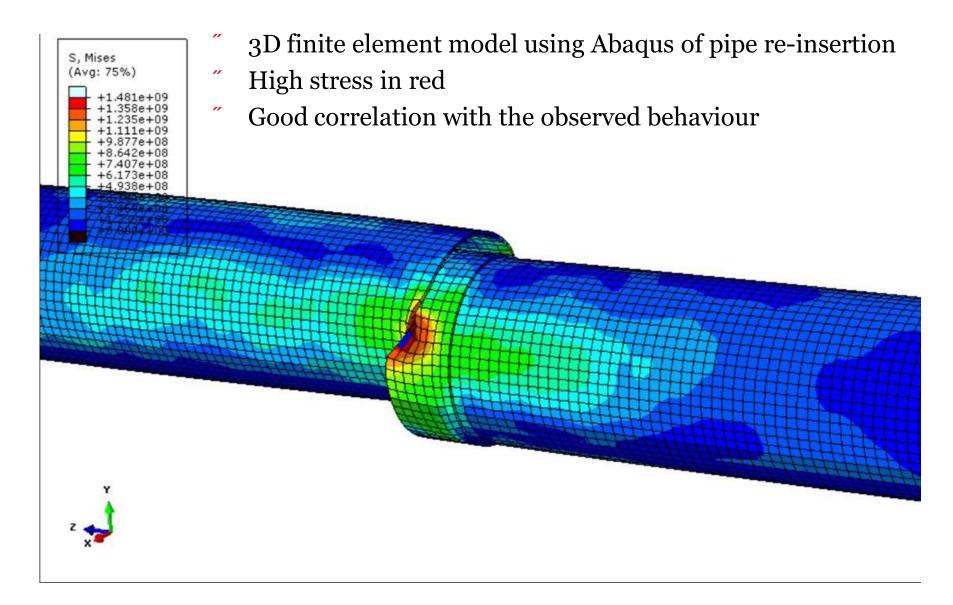
### **Field Observed Steel interpenetration**



- Field observation of steel pipe
  - Used to develop finite element model to determine forces for this damage to occur
- Stresses and strains modelled



### FE model of field observation



## Research/practitioner clusters

#### Interdependencies Cluster

- . Michele Daly, GNS
- . Erica Seville, Res Orgs
- . Tony Fenwick
- . Garry MacDonald, Market Economics
- . Danielle Mieler, GNS
- . Dave Brunsdon
- ••••••
- ••••••

#### Water Networks Cluster

- . Mark Christison, CCC
- . Brian Park, WaterCare
- . Ros McLauchlan, Opus
- . Jim Cousins, GNS
- . Gary O'Meara, Capacity
- . Tim Davin, IPENZ
- . Christopher Munden, Civic Assurance
- . Nick Walmsley, Water NZ
- . Rod Cameron, SCIRT
- Gerard Cleary, Waimakariri
- .....

#### " Economics Cluster

- . Garry MacDonald
- . Tony Fenwick
- . .....
- " Resilience into practice Cluster
  - . James Hughes
  - . Ljubica Mamula-Seadon
  - . .....
- <sup>"</sup> Resilient Organisations
  - . Erica Seville
  - . John Vargo
  - . Suzanne Wilkinson
  - . .....

.....

#### Key NZ Research Activities

- " Update from the Natural Hazards Research Platform
- *Economic Modelling Tony Fenwick*
- *<sup>"</sup>* The Resilience of Ports Liam Wotherspoon, University of Auckland
- Projecting Damage and Losses for Building and Infrastructures from the Canterbury Earthquake Sequence - Sonia Giovinazzi, University of Canterbury
- *Earthquake-Flood Multi-hazard Impacts on Lifeline Systems Sonia Giovinazzi, University of Canterbury*
- *Resilience for Lifeline Utilities Erica Seville, Resilient Organisations*